**A Beginner's Guide to Dog Shows**

The AKC offers a wide variety of resources to assist everyone from the first-time puppy buyer to the experienced dog fancier.  All exhibitors are required to be familiar with these rules prior to entering a dog show. To order the rule book, contact Customer Service at 919-233-9767 or via email at OrderDesk@akc.org. Copies of this rulebook may also be purchased at our [online store](http://www.akc.org/store/detail/index.cfm?cde_product=REGIS&external=yes). The following information is intended as a general description of dog shows and is not intended as complete information about any aspect of showing. For complete information, see the [Rules Applying to Dog Shows](http://www.akc.org/pdfs/rulebooks/RREGS3.pdf).

**This is the AKC**

The **American Kennel Club** was established in 1884 to promote the study, breeding, exhibiting and advancement of purebred dogs. It is the largest not-for-profit purebred dog registry in the nation.

The AKC approves and maintains the official records of over 15,000 sanctioned and licensed events each year.

The AKC has approximately 500 member clubs and over 4,000 affiliated clubs. These clubs are more than show-giving entities. They are public service, educational organizations whose activities benefit their entire community. Some AKC club activities include public education through presentations at schools, fairs, libraries, shelters, hospitals, rescue leagues, scouts and 4-H; training classes; and health clinics.

AKC registration means a dog, its parents, and its ancestors are purebred. It does not indicate health or quality. Dogs registered with the AKC can have their offspring registered and compete in AKC events.

**The World of Dog Shows**

Showing dogs is a great sport where the thrill of competition is combined with the joy of seeing beautiful dogs. Dog shows are one of many types of AKC dog events in which AKC-registered dogs can compete. These events, which draw over three million entries annually, include dog shows and tests of instinct and trainability, such as obedience trials, Canine Good Citizen tests, field trials, agility trials, lure coursing, rally, hunting tests, herding trials, tracking tests, coonhound and earthdog events.

Dog shows (conformation events) are intended to evaluate breeding stock. The size of these events ranges from large all-breed shows, with over 3,000 dogs entered, to small local specialty club shows, featuring a specific breed. The dog's conformation (overall appearance and structure), an indication of the dog's ability to produce quality puppies, is judged.

**Types of Conformation Dog Shows**

There are three types of conformation dog shows:

**All-breed shows** offer competitions for over 150 breeds and varieties of dogs recognized by the AKC. All-breed shows are the type often shown on television

**Specialty shows** are restricted to dogs of a specific breed or to varieties of one breed. For example, the Bulldog Club of America Specialty is for Bulldogs only, but the Poodle Club of America's specialty show includes the three varieties of the Poodle - Standard, Miniature and Toy.

**Group shows** are limited to dogs belonging to one of the seven groups. For example, the Potomac Hound Group show features only breeds belonging to the Hound group.

**Which Dogs May Participate**

To be eligible to compete, a dog must:

* be individually registered with the American Kennel Club
* be 6 months of age or older
* be a breed for which classes are offered at a show
* meet any eligibility requirements in the written standard for its breed

Spayed or neutered dogs are not eligible to compete in conformation classes at a dog show, because the purpose of a dog show is to evaluate breeding stock.

**The Role of the Judge**

Judges examine the dogs, then give awards according to how closely each dog compares to the judge's mental image of the "perfect" dog described in the breed's **official standard**.

The standard describes the characteristics that allow the breed to perform the function for which it was bred. These standards include specifications for structure, temperament and movement.

The official written standard for each breed is maintained by the breed's national club and is included in the**The Complete Dog Book** published by the AKC.

The judges are experts on the breeds they are judging. They examine ("go over") each dog with their hands to see if the teeth, muscles, bones and coat texture conform to the breed's standard. They view each dog in profile for overall balance, and watch each dog gait ("move") to see how all of those features fit together in action.

**How a Dog Show Works**

Each dog presented to a judge is exhibited ("handled") by its owner, breeder or a hired professional. The role of a handler is similar to that of a jockey who rides a horse around the track and, hopefully, into the winner's circle.

Most dogs in competition at conformation shows are competing for points toward their AKC championships. It takes fifteen points, including two majors (wins of three, four or five points) awarded by at least three different judges, to become an American Kennel Club "Champion of Record."

The number of championship points awarded at a show depends on the number of males ("dogs") and females ("bitches") of the breed actually in competition. The larger the entry, the greater the number of points a male or a female can win. The maximum number of points awarded to a dog at any show is 5 points.

Males and females compete separately within their respective breeds, in seven regular classes. The following classes are offered, and are divided by sex:

**Puppy** - For dogs between six and twelve months of age, that are not yet champions (optional class).

**Twelve-To-Eighteen Months** - For dogs twelve to eighteen months of age, that are not yet champions (optional class).

**Novice** - For dogs six months of age and over, which have not, prior to the date of closing of entries, won three first prizes in the Novice Class, a first prize in Bred-by-Exhibitor, American-bred, or Open Classes, nor one or more points toward their championship (optional class).

**Amateur-Owner-Handler** – For dogs that are at least six months of age that are not champions.  Dogs must be handled in the class by the registered owner of the dog and is limited to exhibitors who have not, at any point in time, been a professional dog handler, AKC approved conformation judge, or employed as an assistant to a professional handler (effective January 1, 2009) (optional class).

**Bred By Exhibitor** - For dogs that are exhibited by their owner and breeder, that are not yet champions (optional class).

**American-Bred** - For dogs born in the United States from a mating which took place in the United States, that are not yet champions (mandatory class).

**Open** - For any dog of the breed, at least 6 months of age (mandatory class).

After these classes are judged, all the dogs that won first place in a class compete again to see who is the best of the winning dogs. Males and females are judged separately. Only the best male (Winners Dog) and the best female (Winners Bitch) receive championship points. The Winners Dog and Winners Bitch then compete with the champions for the Best of Breed award. At the end of the Best of Breed Competition, three awards are usually given:

**Best of Breed** - the dog judged as the best in its breed category.

**Best of Winners** - the dog judged as the better of the Winners Dog and Winners Bitch.

**Best of Opposite Sex** - the best dog that is the opposite sex to the Best of Breed winner.

**The Road to Best in Show**

Dog shows are a process of elimination, with one dog being named **Best in Show** at the end of the show.

Only the Best of Breed winners advance to compete in the **Group** competitions. Each AKC-recognized breed falls into one of seven group classifications. The seven groups are Sporting, Hound, Working, Terrier, Toy, Non-Sporting and Herding. Four placements are awarded in each group, but only the first-place winner advances to the Best In Show competition.

**The Seven Groups in All-Breed Shows**

**Sporting** - These dogs were bred to hunt game birds both on land and in the water. The breeds in this group include Pointers, Retrievers, Setters and Spaniels.

**Hounds** - These breeds were bred for hunting other game by sight or scent. These breeds include such dogs as Beagles, Bassets, Dachshunds and Greyhounds.

**Working** - These dogs were bred to pull carts, guard property and perform search and rescue services. Among the breeds in this group are the Akita, Boxer, Doberman Pinscher and St. Bernard.

**Terrier** - This group includes breeds such as the Airedale, Cairn Terrier and Scottish Terrier. Terriers were bred to rid property of vermin such as rats.

**Toy** - These dogs were bred to be household companions. This group includes little dogs such as the Chihuahua, Maltese, Pomeranian and Pug.

**Non-Sporting** - This diverse group includes the Chow Chow, Bulldog, Dalmatian and Poodle. These dogs vary in size and function, and many are considered companion dogs.

**Herding** - These dogs were bred to help shepherds and ranchers herd their livestock. The Briard, Collie, German Shepherd Dog and Old English Sheepdog are some of the breeds in this group.

Finally, the seven group winners are brought into the ring where they compete for **Best In Show**, the highest award at a dog show.

**Ribbons**

Each dog that receives an award is given a ribbon by the judge. The color of the ribbon indicates the type of award the dog has won.

**Blue** - awarded for first place in any regular class. Also awarded to the winner of each group competition, usually in the form of a "rosette".

**Red** - awarded for second place in each class. Also awarded for second place in each group competition, usually in the form of a "rosette".

**Yellow** - awarded for third place in each class. Also awarded for third place in each group competition, usually in the form of a "rosette".

**White** - awarded for fourth place in each class. Also awarded for fourth place of each group competition, usually in the form of a "rosette".

**Purple** - awarded to the winners of the Winners Dog and Winners Bitch classes. Since these are the classes in which championship points are earned, these ribbons are highly coveted.

**Purple and White** - awarded to the Reserve Winners; that is, the runners-up to the winner of the Winners Dog and Winners Bitch classes.

**Blue and White** - awarded to the dog that wins Best of Winners; that is, the better of the Winners Dog and Winners Bitch winners.

**Purple and Gold** - awarded to the dog judged "Best of Breed" in each breed competition. This is highly coveted because it allows advancement to the Group competition.

**Red and White** - awarded to the Best of Opposite Sex. This means the best dog of the breed that is the opposite sex of the Best of Breed winner.

**Red, White and Blue** - only one of these is awarded, at the end of each show. It is given to the ultimate award winner, the Best In Show.

**How Do I Get Started Showing My Dog?**

The best place to start is by joining a local kennel club, whether an all-breed kennel club or a breed-specific specialty club. A listing of clubs by state can be found on our [Club Search](http://www.akc.org/clubs/search/index.cfm) page or through our customer service department by calling (919) 233-9767.

Local clubs will have information on training classes for the show ring, and for obedience and agility classes. Even if the show ring is not your ultimate goal, the relationship that training forms between you and your dog will be very rewarding to you both. Local clubs also have "Matches" where you and your dog can test your skill in the ring.

Handling your dog is an exceptional and enjoyable experience. From the grooming table to the show ring, you and your dog will develop a bond. While training classes offer the best hands-on way to practice for the show ring, attending shows and observing your breed is also a great way to gain understanding of what judges and other competitors do.

If you do not wish to handle your dog yourself, or have a friend or family member do it, you may contact a[professional handler](http://www.akc.org/handlers/handlersprogram_directory.cfm) who charges a fee for showing your dog.

You're on your way! You are entering a sport that will bring many hours of enjoyment and education to every member of your family. You will make many friends in the sport, and will enjoy your dog and your new hobby for many years to come.

**Junior Showmanship**

The AKC offers children 9 to 18 years of age the opportunity to compete with others their own age at various AKC events. Juniors competing in conformation events are judged on how they present their dogs.

**Tips for the First-Time Exhibitor**

* Make sure your dog is registered with the AKC.
* Be sure your dog is current on all inoculations.
* Learn the proper techniques for grooming and for presenting your dog in the ring.
* Join your breed's Parent Club, or a Local Specialty and/or All-Breed club in your area.
* Become familiar with the [AKC rules and regulations for dog shows](http://www.akc.org/pdfs/rulebooks/RREGS3.pdf).
* Attend some dog shows to observe your breed being judged and how others present your breed. Get a Judging Program at the show to find out ring number and judging time.
* Use the knowledge of your breeder.
* Don't be afraid to ask questions.
* Attend handling classes with your dog.

**Tips for the First-Time Spectator**

* If the grooming area is open to spectators, visit it and talk with professional groomers to get tips on keeping your dog looking his best.
* However tempting, do not pet a dog without asking for permission first. The dog may have just been groomed in preparation for being judged.
* At each dog show, you will find vendors and information booths. Many club booths offer helpful information to the general public.
* Wear comfortable shoes - you'll be doing a lot of walking. Unless you bring a chair or arrive early, be prepared to stand most of the time, as seating is usually limited.
* If you are considering getting a purebred dog, talk to the breeders and exhibitors - they are experts in their breeds
* If you bring a baby stroller to a dog show, be careful that you do not run over any dog's tail, and that your child does not grab or poke the dogs it can reach. Avoid having them near ring entrances, which are especially crowded. Some shows prohibit baby strollers.

**Dog Show Terms**

**Angulation** - Angles created by bones meeting at their joints.

**Baiting** - Using liver or some treat to get the dog's attention and have him look alert.

**Bench Show** - A dog show at which the dogs are kept on assigned benches when not being shown in competition, so they can be viewed and discussed by attendees, exhibitors and breeders.

**Exhibitor** - A person who brings a dog to a dog show and shows it in the appropriate class.

**Fancier** - A person who is especially interested, and usually active, in some phase of the sport of purebred dogs.

**Gait** - The way a dog moves, movement is a good indicator of structure and condition.

**Groom** - To brush, comb, trim or otherwise make a dog's coat neat.

**Handler** - A person or agent who takes a dog into the show ring or who works the dog at a field trial or other performance event.

**Heel** - A command to a dog to keep close beside its handler.

**Match Show** - A usually informal dog show at which no championship points are awarded.

**Miscellaneous Class** - Transitional class for breeds attempting to advance to full AKC recognition.

**Pedigree** - The written record of a dog's family tree of three or more generations.

**Points** - Credits earned toward a championship.

**Soundness** - Mental and physical well-being.

**Stacking** - Posing the dog's legs and body to create a pleasing picture.

**Counting Points at Dog Shows**

You have just won your first Winners Class at a dog show. All your hard work has finally paid off, you're ecstatic...your dog is excited...but now comes the hard part. How many points did Blaze actually earn??

Here is a quick and easy guide to calculating points that doesn't require an advanced degree in mathematics.

The American Kennel Club requires a dog to obtain a total of 15 points with two major wins (a major win is worth three points or higher) to become a champion. The majors must be won under different judges and at least one other judge must award some of the remaining points - so you need to win under at least three different judges.

**Class, Winners, and Breed Competition**

Class dogs are judged in classes against other dogs of the same sex - Puppy, Twelve-to-Eighteen, Novice, Bred-by-Exhibitor, American-bred, Open - are just a few. Classes can also be divided by age (as in puppy) or color. When the judge awards first place in a class that dog advances to the Winners competition of its sex.

During the Winners competition, the judge re-examines all the dogs that have received first place in the classes and picks an overall winner - Winners Dog for males and Winners Bitch for females. Although you may have beaten several dogs in the classes, championship points are only awarded to Winners Dog and Winners Bitch. No points are awarded for class wins or Reserve Winners.

Your Winners Dog or Winners Bitch can also win points in the Best of Breed competition. Best of Breed consists of dogs that have already received their championship. Winners Dog and Winner Bitch also compete with the champions in Best of Breed. There are three possible awards a dog can win at this level:
Best of Breed - Awarded to the best dog in the Best of Breed competition
Best of Opposite Sex - Awarded to the best dog of the opposite sex to the Best of Breed winner
Best of Winners - Awarded to the best dog between Winners Dog and Winners Bitch

**Counting Points**

**Step One: Take Attendance**

Count the number of dogs or bitches competing in the regular classes of your dog's sex - novice, puppy, bred-by-exhibitor, American Bred, and Open classes. Remember to include your dog in the total! Don't count any dogs that are absent (no shows), disqualified, dismissed, excused, or have awards withheld. These dogs do not count in computing the number of dogs competing for that show. If you did not keep up with the total number of dogs in the regular classes, ask the ring steward or check the posted copies of the judge's book for a count of total dogs before you leave the show.

**Tip:** Check the posted copies of the judges' book before you leave the show to make certain your dog was marked as the winner. Mistakes do happen! Also, verify that your dog's AKC registration number is correct in the catalog. If it is not correct, let the superintendent know before you leave the show. In both cases, it's easier to make the correction on the day of the show rather than later.

**Step Two: Check the Schedule of Points**

Compare the number of dogs competing that day to the schedule of points for your dog's breed and sex located in the show catalog. The schedule is usually listed with the entries for each breed or at the front of the catalog.

If the number of dogs does not match exactly with those listed in the catalog, choose the number of points assigned to the next lowest number.

An example of a point schedule is listed below:

|  |
| --- |
| **Schedule of Points** |
| 1 Point | 2 Points | 3 Points | 4 Points | 5 Points |
| Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches |
| 2 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 19 |

Remember, point schedules vary by show location. If you are not at the show, make certain you get the points schedule for the event region where your dog won. Refer to the [Schedule of Points](http://www.akc.org/events/conformation/point_schedule.cfm).

**Step 3: Calculating Points for Winners Dog or Winners Bitch**

Your dog receives the points according to the number of dogs of your dog's sex competing in the regular classes.

Let's say that Blaze is awarded Winners Dog. After accounting for absent, disqualified, and excused dogs, you determine that a total of 6 dogs competed in the regular classes. Assuming the point schedule listed above, he receives 2 points.

Now it's your turn...

Blaze's sister, Bianca, wins Winners Bitch. Nine bitches competed in the regular classes. How many points did she earn as Winners Bitch?

Answer: 3 points

**Winning More Points In the Breed Competition**

Your dog can add to the points won in the Winners Class during the Best of Breed competition. If your dog wins:

**Best of Breed**
Count the total number of dogs in its sex plus the total number of Champions of both sexes entered in the Best of Breed competition to figure the number of points earned.

**Best of Opposite Sex**
Count the total number of dogs in its sex plus the total number of Champions of its sex entered in the Best of Breed competition to figure the number of points earned.

**Best of Winners**
This one is a bit different. If your dog is named Best of Winners, he is awarded the highest point level awarded between Winners Dog and Winners Bitch. Let's say that Blaze beats out his sister, Bianca, for Best of Winners. If you'll remember Bianca received three points for Winners Bitch and Blaze received only two points for Winners Dog. Since Blaze took Best of Winners, he is awarded three points instead of two and receives one of the majors he needs for his championship.

Now it's your turn...

Using the point schedule and results listed below, compute the point totals for the Winners Dog and Winners Bitch.

**Winners Dog and Best of Winners: I'm A Perfect Hound**

**Number of Dogs:**
Open: 3
Bred-by-Exhibitor: 1
American Bred: 1

**Winners Bitch and Best of Opposite Sex: Three Times A Lady**

**Number of Bitches:**
Open: 4
American Bred: 2

**Number of Champions:**
Dogs: 2
Bitches: 2

|  |
| --- |
| **Schedule of Points** |
| 1 Point | 2 Points | 3 Points | 4 Points | 5 Points |
| Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches | Dog | Bitches |
| 2 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 19 |

Points Awarded To:
I'm A Perfect Hound (Answer: 3)
Three Times A Lady (Answer: 3)

**Here's What Happened...**
Prior to the Best of Breed competition, I'm A Perfect Hound and Three Times A Lady had racked up 2 points each. In the Breed competition, Three Times A Lady won Best of Opposite Sex beating two champion bitches in addition to the six bitches competing in the regular classes. This win increased her points to three. Since I'm A Perfect Hound was awarded Best of Winners, he received three points as well (the highest point value awarded between Winners Dog and Winners Bitch).

**Verifying Points**

It is important to check on your dog's point totals from time to time. The AKC offers an online service to verify the number of points your dog has accumulated toward a championship. Allow four to six weeks for your dog's win to be recorded in this system.